Q1. Which statement most accurately describes the result of not creating an exception handler for a raised

exception?

1. The program will continue without raising the exception.

2. There will be a memory leak.

3. Control will pass to the PL/SQL block caller’s exception handler.

4. The program will return a %notfound error.

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer : 3

QuestionID : 17858 Subject Name DBT

Q2. The default parameter type in stored procedures is

1. IN

2. OUT

3. INOUT

4. There is no default type

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer : 4

QuestionID : 17870 Subject Name DBT

Q3. When both the Oracle name server as well as tnsnames.ora file is used simultaneously, the priority between

the two is resolved by

1. listener.ora

2. tnsnames.ora

3. init.ora

4. sqlnet.ora

Correct Answer : 4

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 17871 Subject Name DBT

Q4. Consider a table OLD with few rows. The statement

CREATE TABLE new AS SELECT \* FROM OLD

WHERE 1=2

1. copies all the rows from OLD to NEW

2. creates a dummy NEW table

3. creates an empty NEW table with column definitions same as OLD

4. creates a table NEW that acts as a synonym for OLD

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 17943 Subject Name DBT

Q5. Choose the Incorrect option related to DBMS

1. There is no Security of data

2. Not support distributed database

3. satisfy more than 8 rule of Dr. E.F. Codd

4. None

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 17947 Subject Name DBT

Q6. Latest version of ORACLE is called

1. ORACLE 9i

2. ORACLE 10i

3. ORACLE 11i

4. ORACLE 10G

Correct Answer : 4

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 17987 Subject Name DBT

Q7. The Maximum size of Raw Datatype is:

1. 1000 bytes

2. 2000 bytes

3. 4000 bytes

4. 8000 bytes

Correct Answer : 2

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18019 Subject Name DBT

Q8. Choose correct one

1. rollup and cube are grouping type of statements for sql query

2. rollup and cube are inbuilt functions for sql query

3. rollup and cube are not related to oracle

4. none of the above

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18025 Subject Name DBT

Q9. The number of BLOB column allowed in Oracle table is

1. 1

2. 255

3. 1024

4. Unlimited

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18041 Subject Name DBT

Q10. Choose the correct pattern Matching sign for matching a single character.

1. \_

2. ?

3. \*

4. %

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18075 Subject Name DBT

Q11. The correct syntax of DECODE stament is...

1. DECODE(if1,then1,if2,then2...else)

2. DECODE(if1,then1,else1,if2,then2,else2...)

3. DECODE(value,if1,then1,else1,if2,then2,else2....)

4. none of the above

Correct Answer : 4

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18078 Subject Name DBT

Q12. Which operator, when used along with special operators, reverts their output?

1. NOT

2. AND

3. OR

4. JOIN

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18088 Subject Name DBT

Q13. Which lock allows multiple users to see the data but not change it

1. exclusive locks

2. mutative locks

3. shared locks

4. table locks

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18170 Subject Name DBT

Q14. A procedure which return a value is called as...

1. Procedure

2. Function

3. Package

4. None of these

Correct Answer : 2

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18183 Subject Name DBT

Q15. Data stored in the curser is called as ------.

1. active data

2. stored data

3. active data set

4. user defined data

Correct Answer : 2

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18189 Subject Name DBT

Q16. In which areas of PL/SQL block must code be placed in order to handle Oracle-defined exceptions?

1. Declaration section only

2. Declaration and executable section only

3. Exception handler only

4. Declaration,executable and exception handler sections

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18192 Subject Name DBT

Q17. Which procedure can be used to create a customised error message.

1. RAISE\_ERROR

2. SQLERRM

3. RAISE\_APPLICATION\_ERROR

4. RAISE\_SERVER\_ERROR

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18197 Subject Name DBT

Q18. procedure and functions are explicitely executed.This is different from database trigger.When is a database trigger executed

1. when transaction is commited

2. during the data manipulation statement

3. when an oracle supplied package references the trigger

4. during a data manipulation statement and when transaction is commited

Correct Answer : 2

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18238 Subject Name DBT

Q19. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Collection of stored procedures and functions.

1. Functions

2. Procedures

3. Triggers

4. Package

Correct Answer : 4

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18244 Subject Name DBT

Q20. A procedure declares a user defined exception but does not raise it explicitly. Which of the following statements is true about this function?

1. User defined exception will never be raised.

2. User defined exception will be handled by a WHEN OTHERS exception handler.

3. The procedure will fail on compile

4. A user defined exception is defined incorrectly

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18335 Subject Name DBT

Q21. Cleaning up temporary segments that are no longer in in use is done by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. LGWR

2. PMON

3. DBWR

4. SMON

Correct Answer : 4

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18339 Subject Name DBT

Q22. Actual data of oracle is stored in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. SYSTEM tablespace

2. DATA tablespace

3. USER tablespace

4. TOOL tablespace

Correct Answer : 2

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18381 Subject Name DBT

Q23. System Recovery and System Restore are same

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18409 Subject Name DBT

Q24. Both an SQL query as well as a PL/SQL code is interpreted in Oracle

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18426 Subject Name DBT

Q25. The inner joins(or equi joins) is same as natural joins.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18443 Subject Name DBT

Q26. The data Structure used in Hierachical Model of DBMS is "tree".

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18502 Subject Name DBT

Q27. Char conserves memory as compared to varchar.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18524 Subject Name DBT

Q28. oracle by default creates an index on every unique column of a table

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18542 Subject Name DBT

Q29. The date function that returns a numerical value is ADD\_MONTHS

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18564 Subject Name DBT

Q30. primary key is Compulsory in Table

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18576 Subject Name DBT

Q31. All table columns belong to a single record.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18581 Subject Name DBT

Q32. Group function can not be use in WHERE clause.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18582 Subject Name DBT

Q33. we can perform Insert,Update,Delete operation on Views defined from Multiple Tables(which have no referencing clause).

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18583 Subject Name DBT

Q34. A new coloumn can always be added in a table but a coloumn can be drop only oracle8i onwards.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18594 Subject Name DBT

Q35. the oracle engine will process all rows in a table and dispaly the result only when none of the conditions specified using the NOT operator are satisfied

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18610 Subject Name DBT

Q36. the autoexted attribute enables or disables the automatic extension of the data files

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18617 Subject Name DBT

Q37. State true or false. EXISTS,SOME,ANY are operators in SQL

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18664 Subject Name DBT

Q38. the put\_line function is available in IO package in oracle

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18714 Subject Name DBT

Q39. COUNT(expr)function returns the number of rows where expr is not null

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18733 Subject Name DBT

Q40. The "%FOUND" , "%NOTFOUND" and "%ISOPEN" attribute of cursors are boolean.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18769 Subject Name DBT

Q41. The "i" in oracle8i stands for "improved".

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18785 Subject Name DBT

Q42. user can do DML action on synonym but can not perform DDL action except Dropping synonym

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18788 Subject Name DBT

Q43. data files,control files,redo log files are physical files

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18831 Subject Name DBT

Q44. NOT NULL causes creation of variable or constant that can not have null value.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18852 Subject Name DBT

Q45. A ROLLBACK statement at the SQL prompt is used to make permanent changes.

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18856 Subject Name DBT

Q46. A Rollback statement cannot be used to close a transaction.

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18865 Subject Name DBT

Q47. The close statement disables the cursor and the active set becomes undefined.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18872 Subject Name DBT

Q48. Only one exclusive lock can be placed on a resourse at a time.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18931 Subject Name DBT

Q49. The OFFLINE attribute makes the table space available immediately after creation to users who have been granted access to table spacs.

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18951 Subject Name DBT

Q50. If the user wants to grant privileges to other user, the user need not be the owner of the object.

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :